- Provide clarity for government agencies, commercial service providers, and the public regarding the legal procedures and protections that apply to electronic devices that can be used to track the movements of individual Americans
- Require the government to show probable cause and get a warrant before acquiring the geolocational information of a U.S. person, while setting out clear exceptions such as emergency or national security situations or cases of theft or fraud
- Create criminal penalties for surreptitiously using an electronic device to track a person's movements that parallel those for wiretapping
- Prohibit commercial service providers from sharing customers' geolocational information with outside entities without customer consent
H.R. 2168 was referred to the House Judiciary Committee. Sen. Patrick Leahy (D-Vt.), a leader in Congress on this issue, has introduced related legislation in the Senate.